

Cyanobacteria Monitoring Bi-Weekly Update of Orleans Ponds

New data the week of May 29, 2023

Report prepared for: OPC and Town of Orleans

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Report Reviewed by: Lynn Francis and Rebecca Miller

Sample collection by: **OPC**

For more information: Cyanobacteria | Association to Preserve Cape Cod (apcc.org)

Pond	Sample Date	Pond Water Temp (F)	General Turbidity	Dominant Genus	BFC PC avg. (ug/L)	Estimated BFC microcystin concentrations (ug/L)		Net growth rate (u/d)			Cyano. Scum	Current Risk Category	
						MCY CL-1	MCY	MCY CL ⁺	<50	WLW	BFC		
Boland Pond	5/30/23	66	clear	DS	278.91	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	no scum observed	Acceptable
Cedar Pond	5/30/23	63.9	slightly cloudy	N/A	6.60	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	no scum observed	Acceptable
Crystal Lake	5/30/23	65.8	Clear	DS	23.21	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	no scum observed	Acceptable
Ice House Pond	5/30/23	65.4	Clear	N/A	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Scum seen, confirmed to be pollen	Acceptable
Pilg ri m Lake	5/30/23	64.2	Clear	DS	281.38	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	+ N/A	N/A	no scum observed	Acceptable
Uncle Harvey Pond	5/30/23	66.5	Clear	WO	17.57	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Pollen, and WO observed	Acceptable



Abbreviations:

CI Confidence index range of estimated value for microcystin based on regression model developed by Nancy Leland of Lim-Tex Inc

DS (*Dolichospermum*) Common genus of cyanobacteria. Produces regulated toxins at low level.

MC (Microcystis) Common genus of cyanobacteria. Produces regulated toxins at relatively high levels.

MCY(Microcystin) Toxin produced by many genera -measured by County Lab with ABRAXIS or ELISA methods.

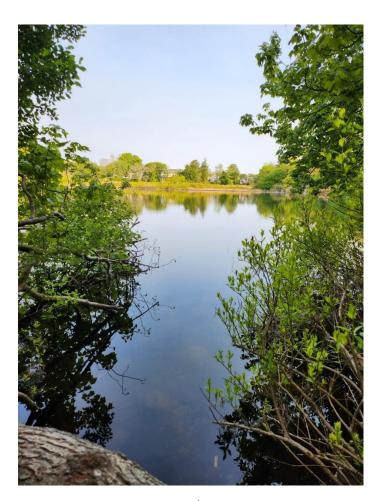
Mixed Indicates that no single genus of cyanobacteria was found to be dominant. A genus must be found to have a composition and dominance of at least 70% to be considered the dominant genus in a sample.

WO, AZ (Woronochinia and Aphanizomenon) Additional genera of cyanobacteria that are believed to produce regulated toxins at a similar rate to Dolichospermum

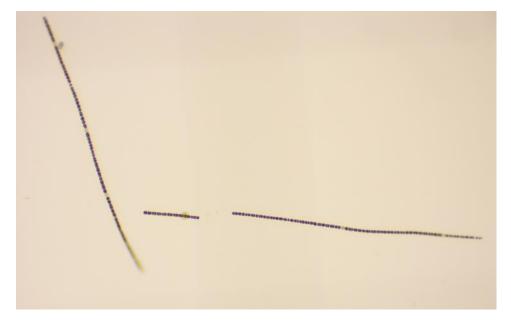
Notes:

Ponds sampled the week of 5/29/23 were all in the Acceptable CyanoStatus category.





Boland Pond seen on May 30th, 2023 by an OPC volunteer.



DS found in Pilgrim Lake on May 30th, 2023.



Risk Category Descriptions

Acceptable

<u>Definition</u>: No concerning cyanobacteria results at the time and place of sampling. To the best of APCC's knowledge and based on our monitoring results, regular recreational usage of the pond is safe with respect to cyanobacteria and toxins. Map color is blue. Formerly the Low Warning Tier.

<u>Recommended Sampling Frequency</u>: Biweekly. In samples containing low levels of cyanobacteria with high growth rates APCC will recommend weekly sampling.

Recommended Action: None.

Potential for Concern

<u>Definition</u>: Monitoring results or the presence of cyanobacteria scum at the time and place of sampling indicate a potential for increased risk for exposure to cyanobacteria toxins approaching but below state standards. Conditions do not yet warrant the posting of a recreational human health advisory according to guidelines from the Massachusetts Department of Public Health (MDPH). While these conditions pose low health risks to adults, risks are higher for children or pets based on lower body mass, particularly if contaminated water is incidentally ingested. Children may inadvertently consume pond water while swimming and pet exposure can result from drinking or ingesting pond water or from grooming after swimming. Map color is yellow. Map color yellow with crosshatching indicates a municipal pet advisory has been issued. Formerly the Moderate Warning Tier^{1,2,4}.

Recommended Sampling Frequency: Weekly.

Recommended Action:

- 1. APCC or the town will provide a GRAB sample for toxin analysis to the Barnstable County Water Quality Lab for samples suspected of possibly exceeding the MDPH guidelines for microcystin in recreational waters.
- 2. The posting of a "Pet Advisory" or similar advisory according to municipal policies and procedures until the pond returns to Acceptable status.
 - 3. Sampling should be increased to weekly until all results are once again in the "Acceptable" category.



Use Restriction Warranted

<u>Definition</u>: Monitoring results at the time and place of sampling indicate the pond is unsafe for recreation by humans and pets based on one or more of the following criteria: 1) presence of microcystin at or above state standards (8 ppb microcystin) as described in MDPH guidance, 2) presence of significant cyanobacteria scum layers according to MDPH guidance, 3) a municipal health agent issues a closure for any other reason related to cyanobacteria. Recreational risk to adults is moderate following exposure. Recreational risks are especially high for children and pets following exposure through accidental ingestion of contaminated water. Children may inadvertently consume pond water while swimming and pet exposure can result from ingestion or directly drinking pond water or from grooming after swimming. Due to lower body masses, children and pets are more susceptible to cyanobacteria risks than adults. Map color is red. Map color red with crosshatching indicates a municipal advisory has been issued. Formerly the High Warning Tier³.

Recommended Sampling Frequency: Weekly.

Recommended Action:

- 1. APCC or the town will provide a GRAB sample for toxin analysis to the Barnstable County Water Quality Lab for samples suspected of possibly exceeding the MDPH guidelines for microcystin in recreational waters.
- 2. The town should post a recreational advisory or similar advisory according to municipal policies and procedures and otherwise notify the public to avoid contact and exposure until the pond meets criteria to be reopened or the advisory is lifted by the local health agent.
- 3. Sampling should be conducted weekly until there are two consecutive weeks when results include no significant cyanobacteria scum and toxin testing of samples contain a microcystin concentration below 8 ppb.



APCC 2022 Cyanobacteria Risk Categories Revised 7/26/2022										
C	'riteria	APCC Acceptable	APCC Potential for Concern	APCC Use Restriction Warranted						
Microcystin	calculated by APCC	Potential microcystin calculated at low levels that do not warrant additional toxin testing ^{2,4} .	Potential microcystin is elevated to a point where an exceedance is deemed possible and confirmatory toxin testing warranted ^{2,4} .							
	Measured microcystin by Barnstable County Water Quality Lab.	Less than 4 ppb microcystin measured in GRAB sample.	Between 4 and 8 ppb microcystin measured in GRAB sample.	Greater than 8 ppb microcystin measured in GRAB sample ³ .						
Cyanobacteria	Cyanobacteria bloom material reported and confirmed by APCC.	None present at the time and place of sample collection.	A cyanobacteria scum or bloom is present but is deemed to be insignificant by the Massachusetts Department of Public Health and the town's health agent.	present and is deemed to be						
	To interpret cyanobacteria data using this table, the most hazardous result determines the category the pond is placed in from right to left. A pond that meets even a single criterion in the "Use Restriction Warranted" column will be placed in that category. Likewise, a pond that meets even a single criterion in the "APCC Potential for Concern" category, but does not meet any criteria in the "APCC Use Restriction Warranted" category, will be placed in the "APCC Potential for Concern" category. If a pond meets no criteria in the "APCC Use Restriction Recommended" or the "APCC Potential for Concern" category, that pond is placed in the "APCC Acceptable" category.									
11003	² Developed with recommendations from Nancy Leland of Lim-Tex Inc. and affiliated with the University of New Hampshire Center for Freshwater Biology. ³ Criteria attributed to MDPH. ⁴ Predictive cyanobacteria metrics that project and estimate risks, rather than reactive cyanobacteria metrics that measure risk after a bloom has occurred.									

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